



CREO as a tool for virtual prototyping.

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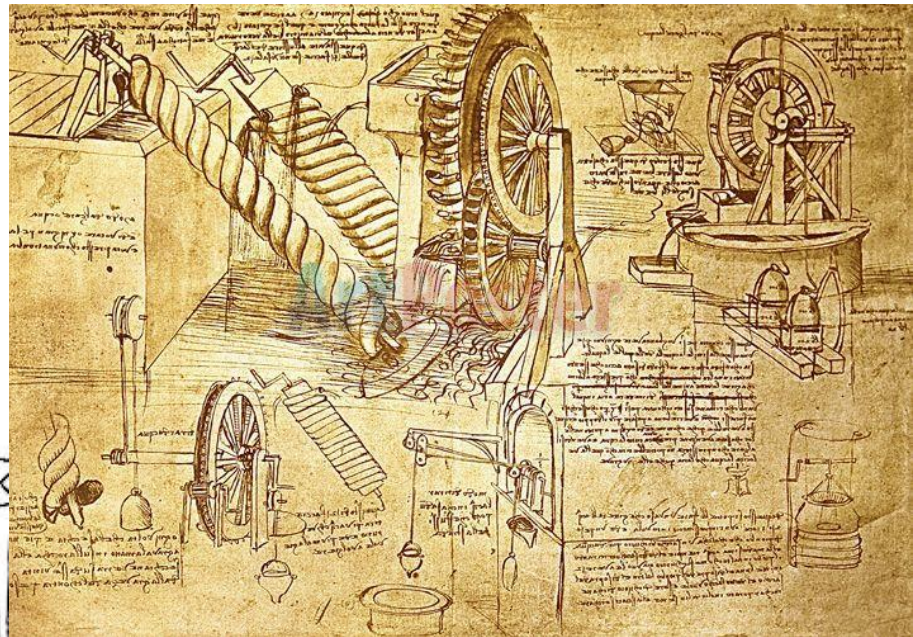
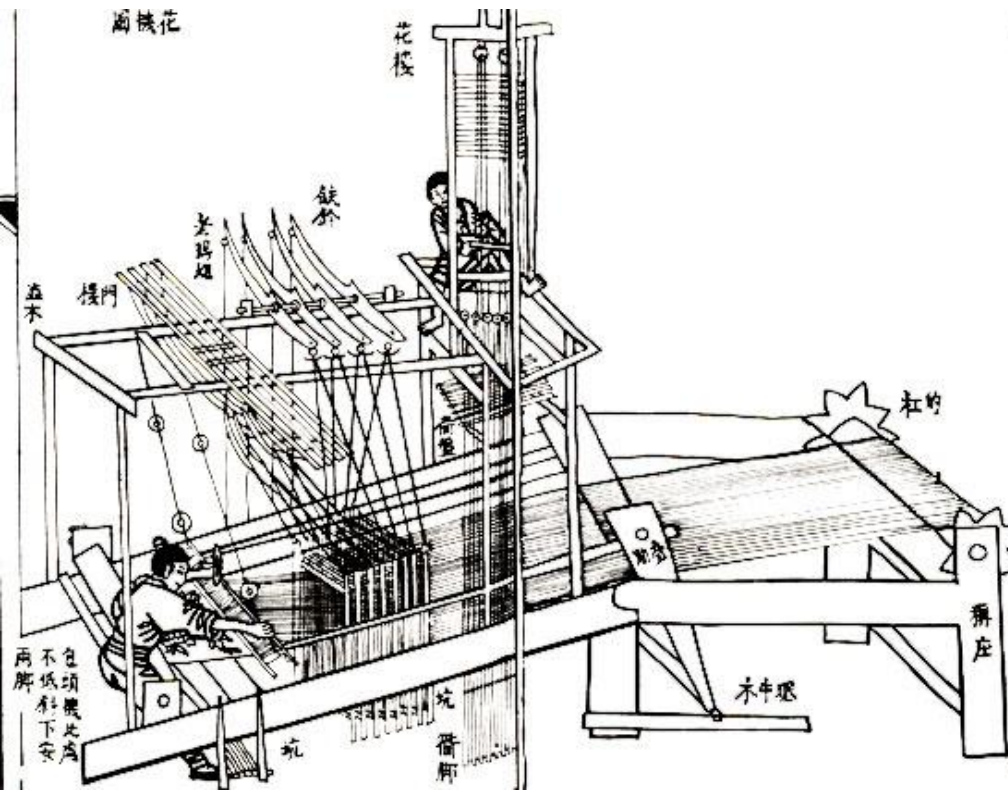
Contents

- History of design
- History of CAD
- From drawing oriented design to model oriented design
- Introduction to CREO
- Case study



History of design.

- Drawing is method of communication.



History of CAD.

- <1980
- 1980: introduction of Autocad, first wide spread 2D drawing software
- 1985: introduction of 3D software, first steps towards model oriented software
- 1989: introduction of Pro/Engineer, first commercial parametric modeler.

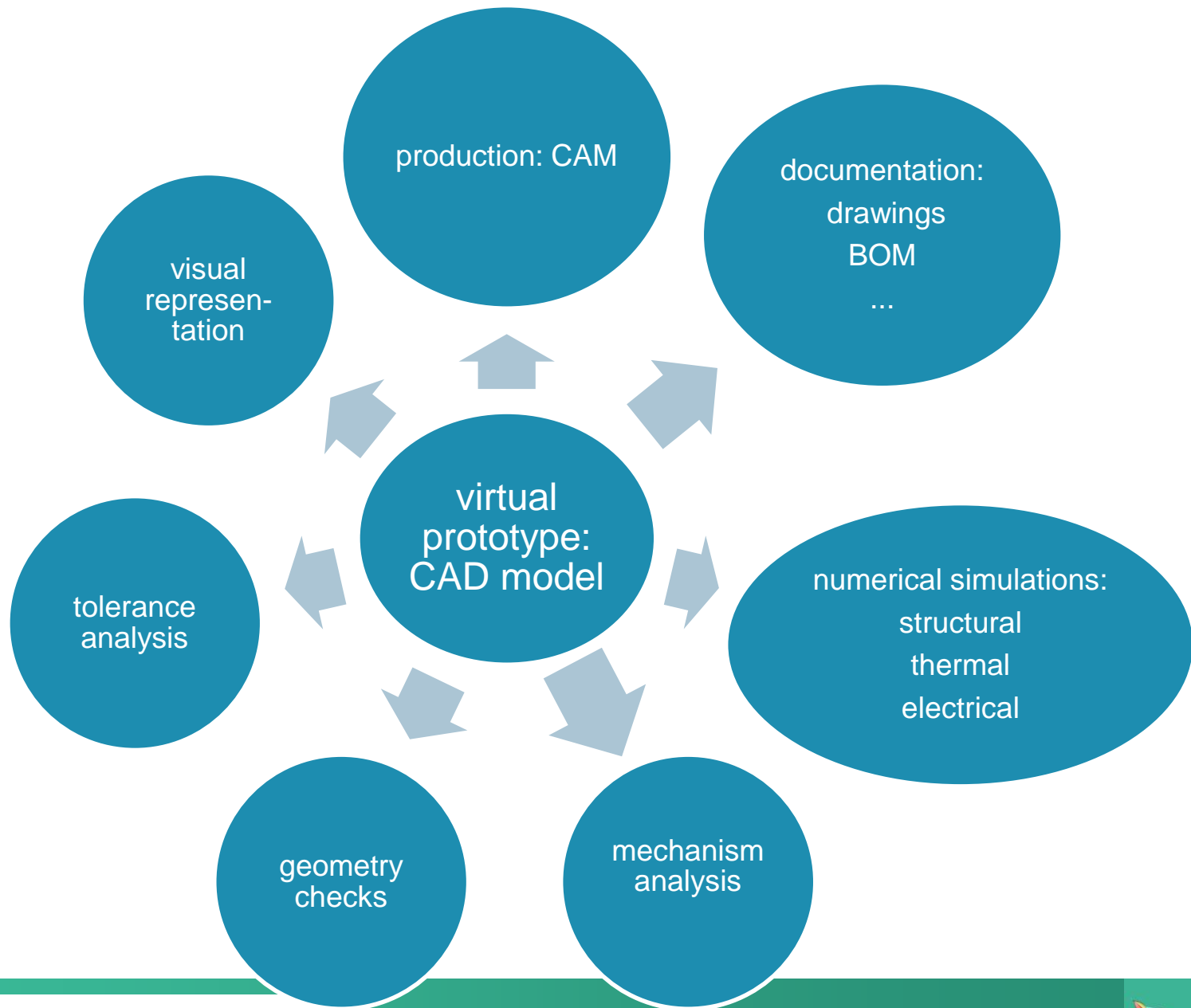


From drawing oriented to model oriented design.

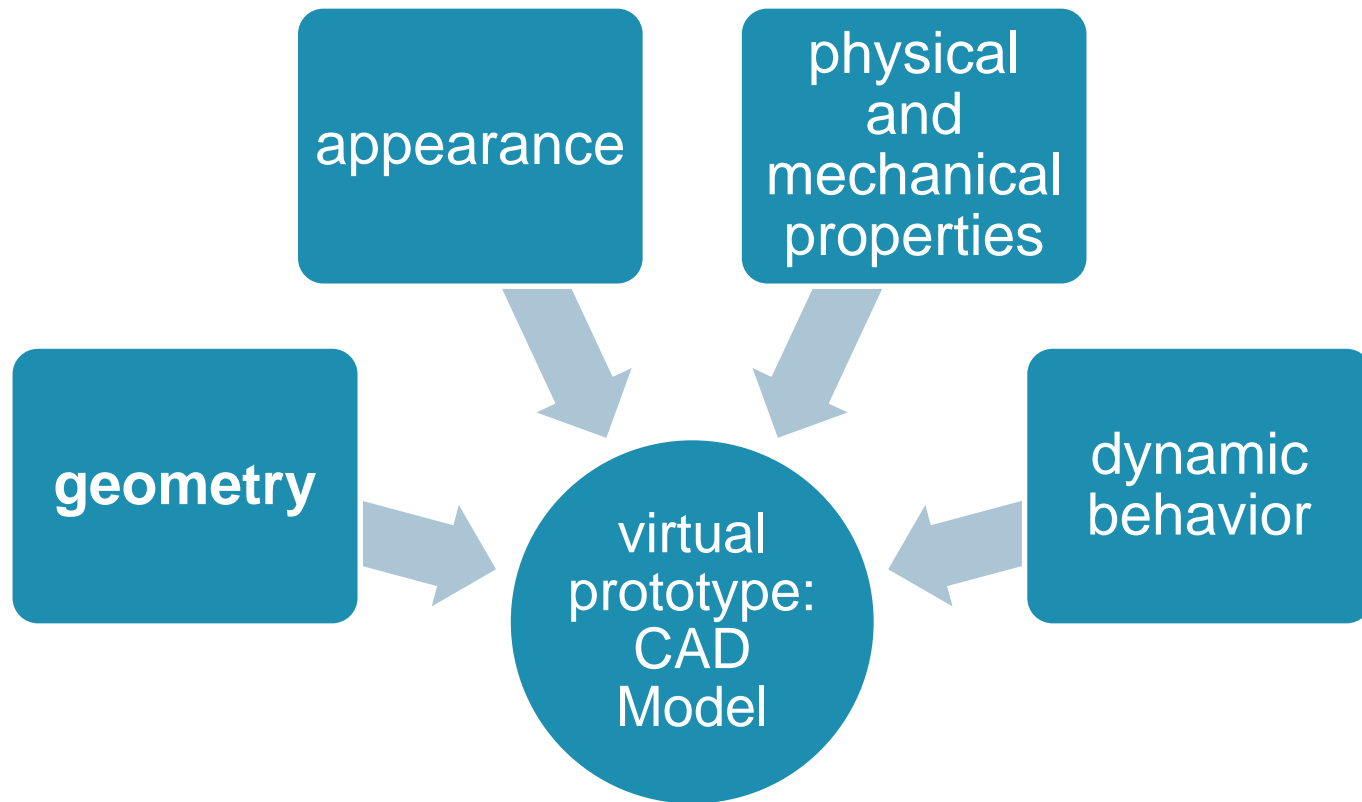
- Drawing oriented:
 - Paper model
 - Only on paper
 - Multiplication of data
- Model oriented:
 - CAD-model
 - Virtual prototype
 - 1 source of data



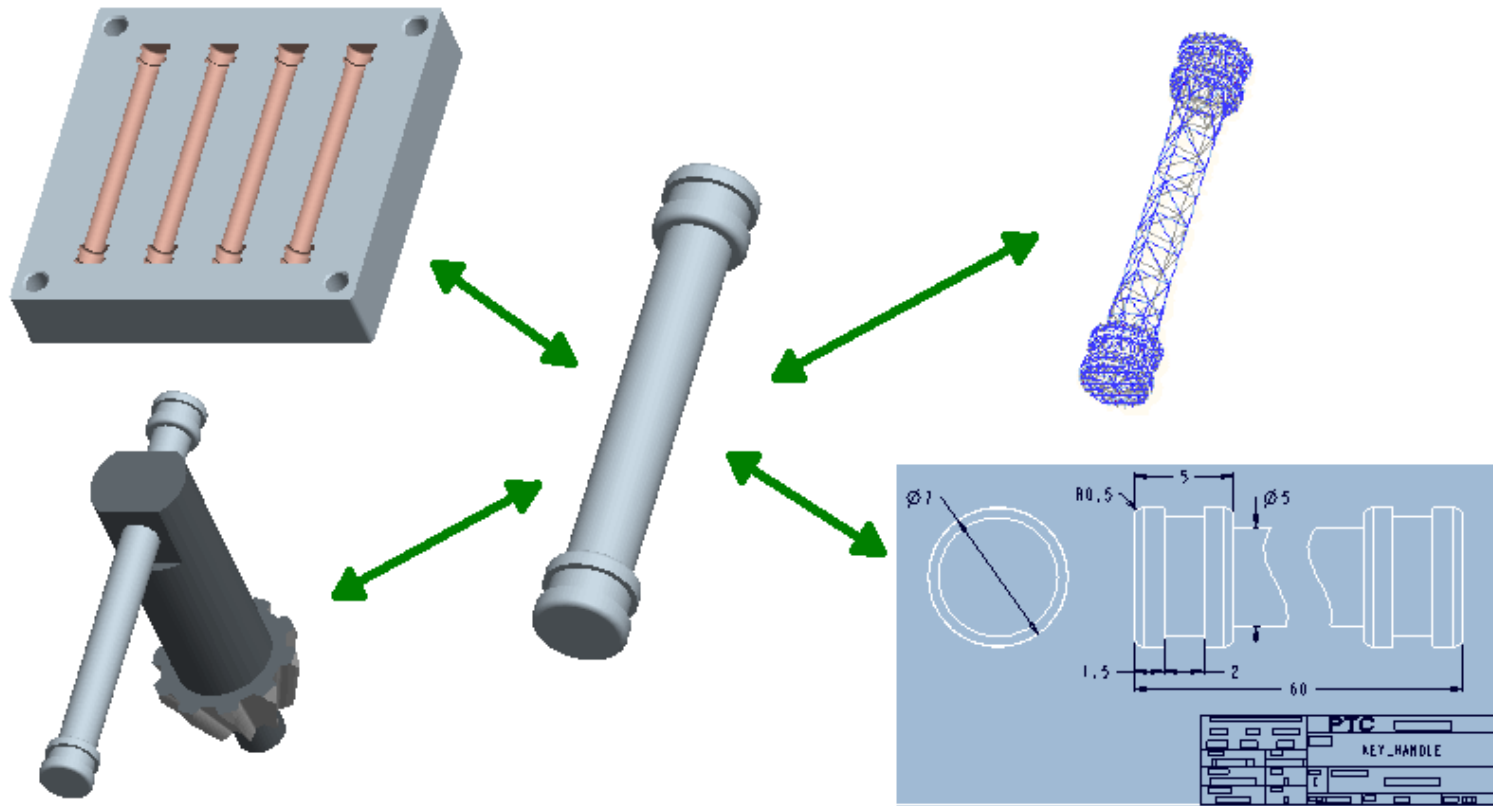
Model oriented.



Virtual prototype.

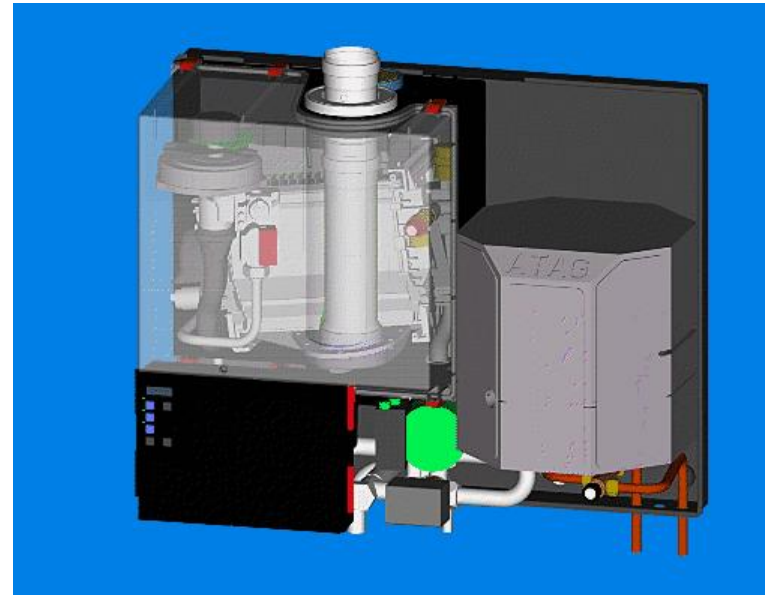


MCAD (Mechanical CAD): CREO/ProEngineer (PTC): Model oriented.

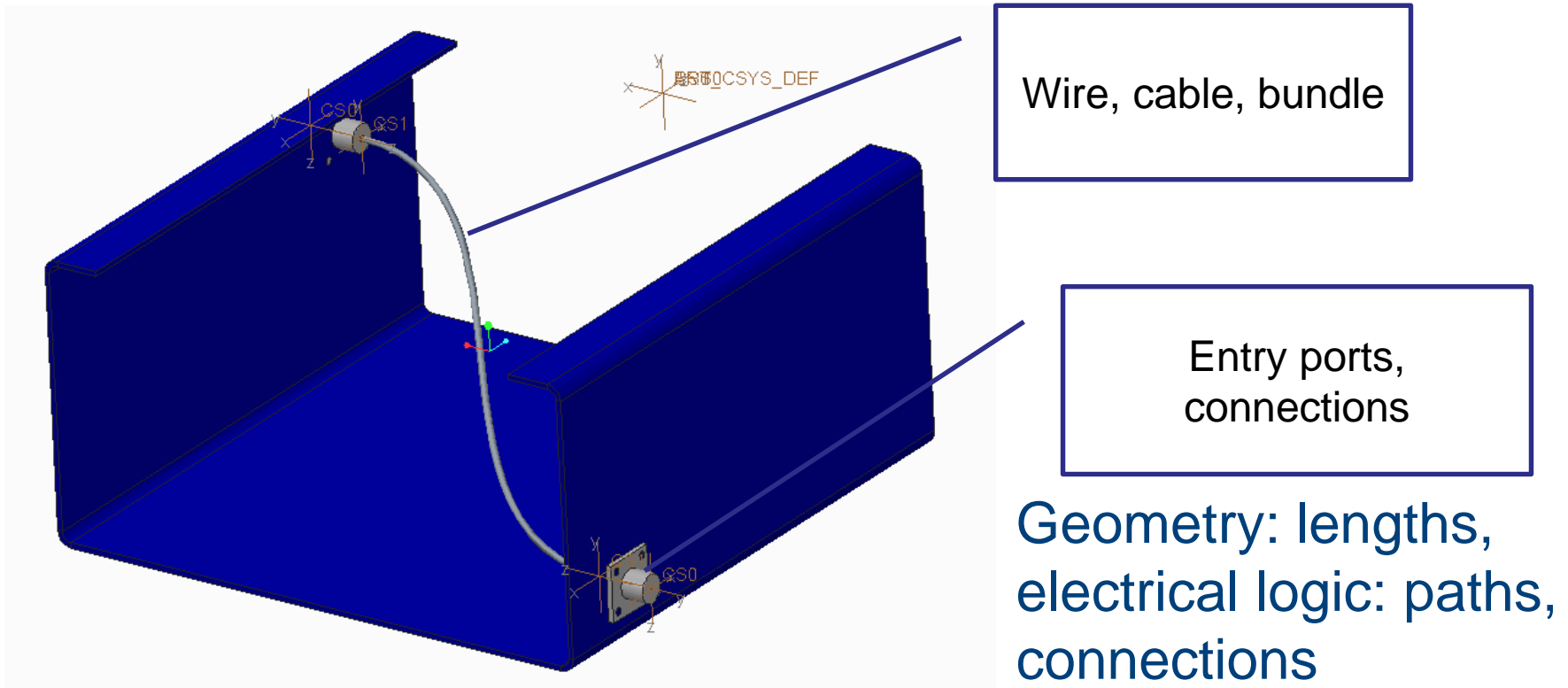


MCAD (Mechanical CAD): CREO/ProEngineer

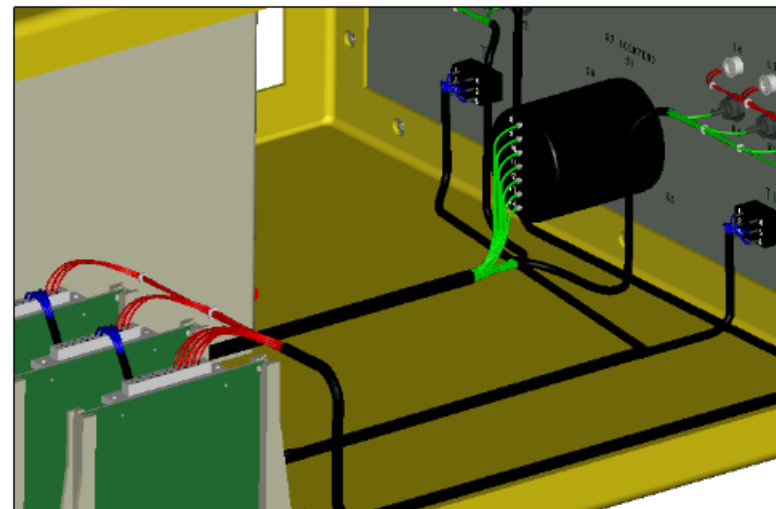
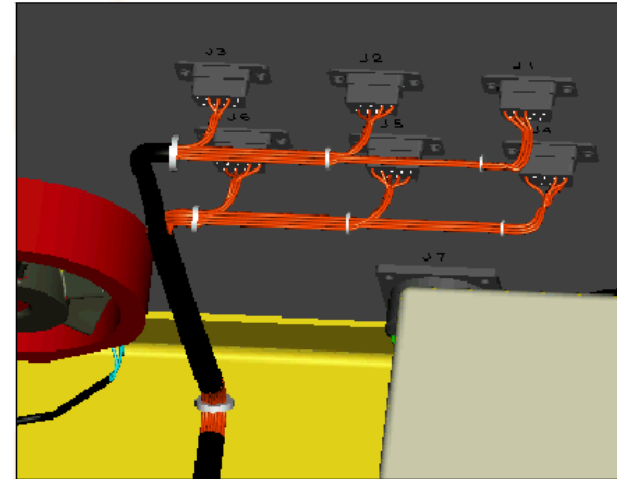
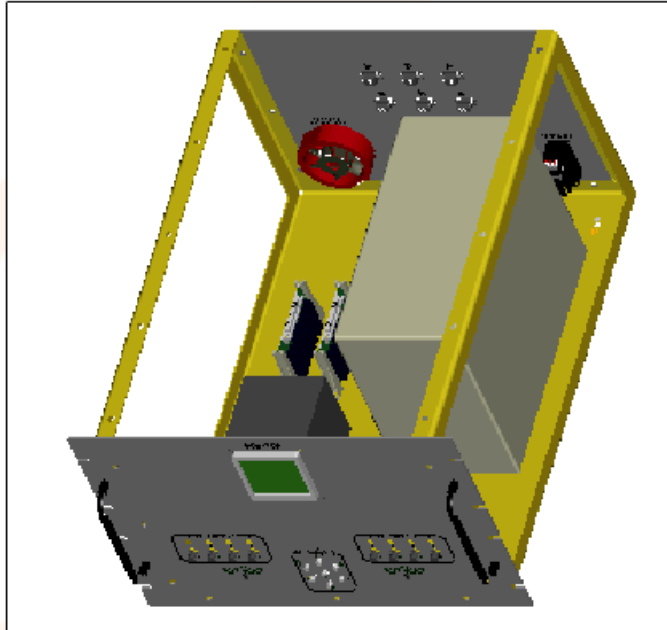
- No compromise on design
- From simple to complex design

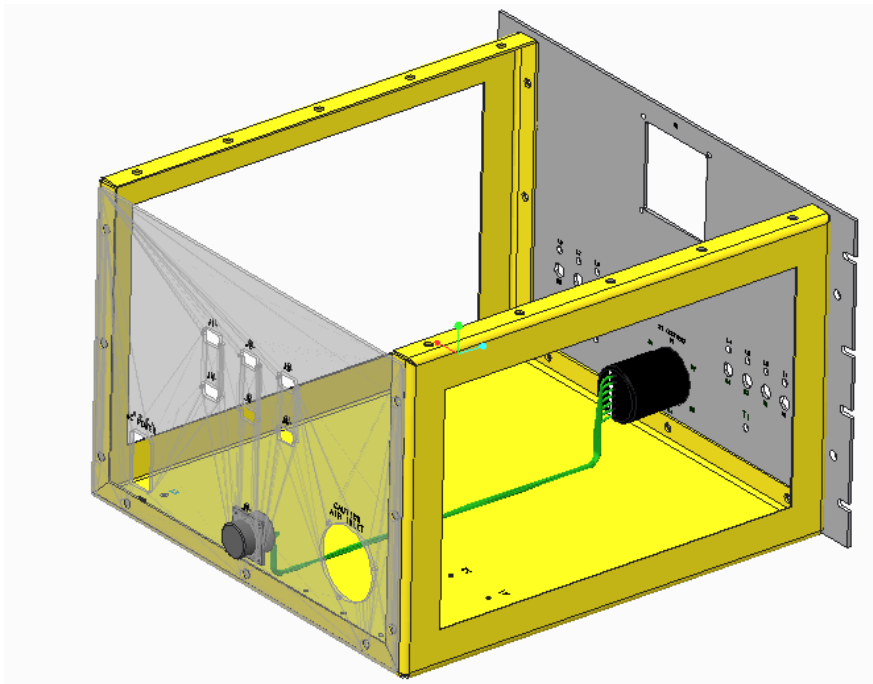


Cable harness: cabling.



Cabling: interfacing hardware





HARNES NAME: H6

CABLE NAME: C6

SPOOL NAME: SP6

CURRENT LENGTH = 19.4468

MINIMUM BEND RADIUS = 0.2500

THICKNESS = 0.2000

DENSITY = 0.0000e+00

CABLE NAME: C6:W1

CONNECTOR NAMES:

CONNECTOR_6B (Entry port name: CS0)

CONNECTOR_6A (Entry port name: CS0)

CURRENT LENGTH = 19.4468

MINIMUM BEND RADIUS = 0.2500

THICKNESS = 0.0500

DENSITY = 0.0000e+00

CABLE NAME: C6:W2

CONNECTOR NAMES:

CONNECTOR_6B (Entry port name: CS1)

CONNECTOR_6A (Entry port name: CS2)

CURRENT LENGTH = 18.9858

MINIMUM BEND RADIUS = 0.2500

THICKNESS = 0.0500

DENSITY = 0.0000e+00

CABLE NAME: C6:W3

CONNECTOR NAMES:

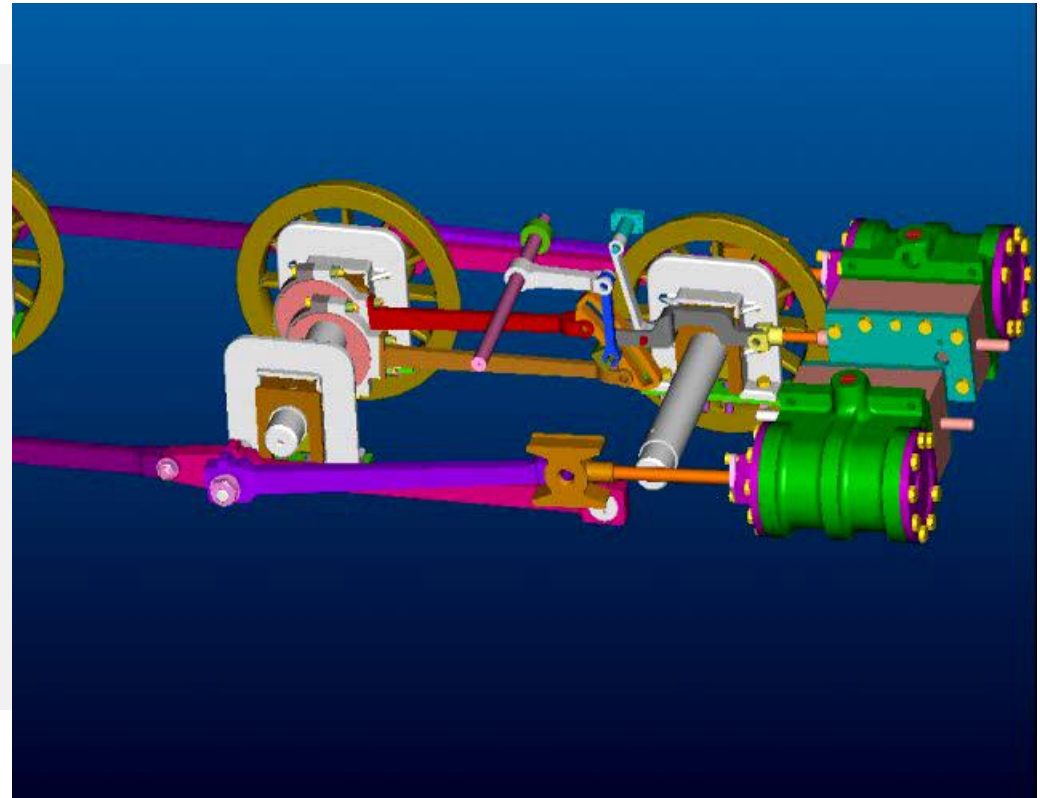
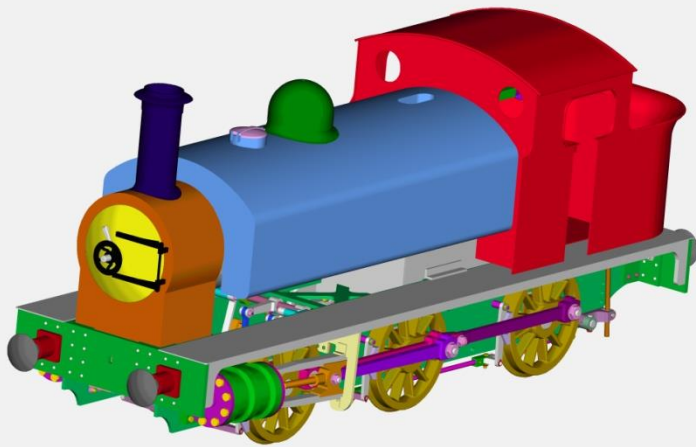
CONNECTOR_6A (Entry port name: CS6)

CONNECTOR_6B (Entry port name: CS2)



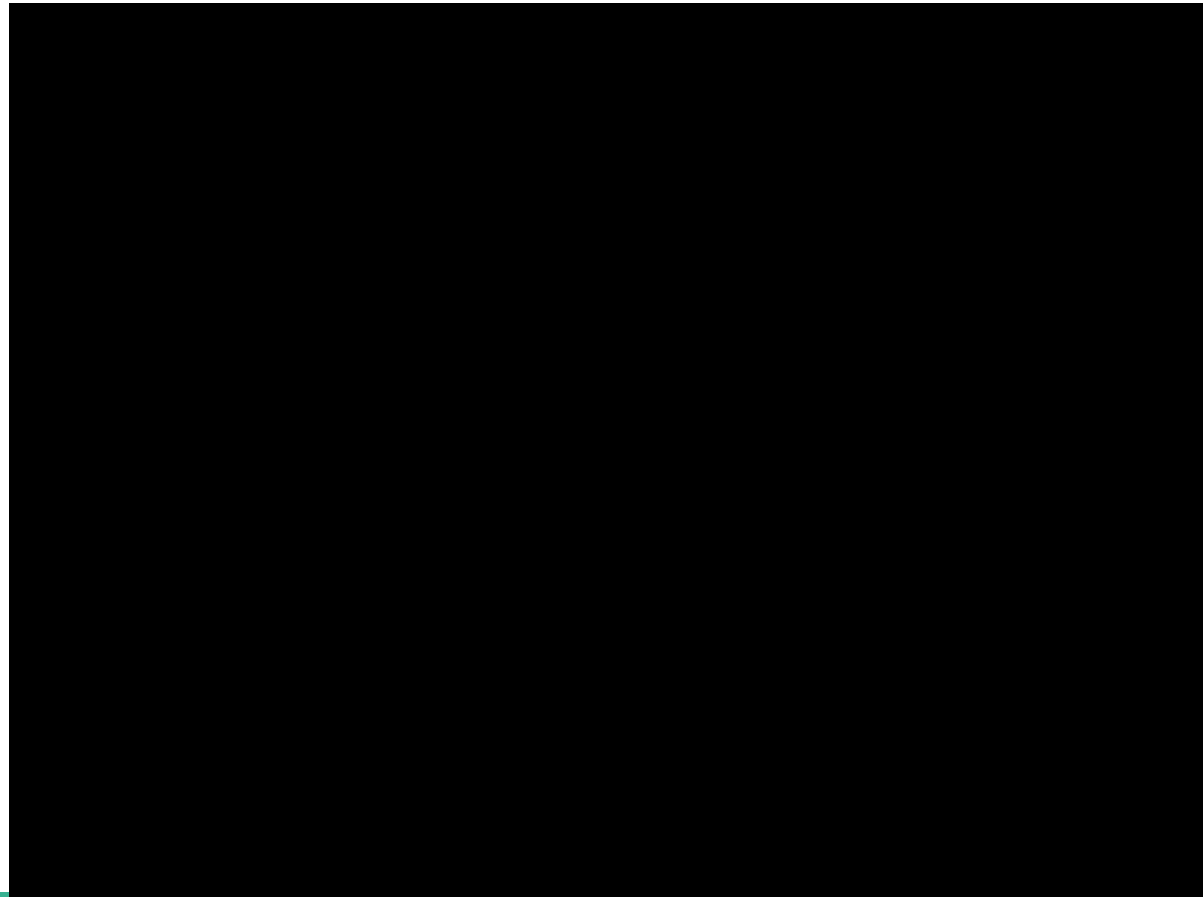
Complex design study

- Scalemodel 1/10 steam engine

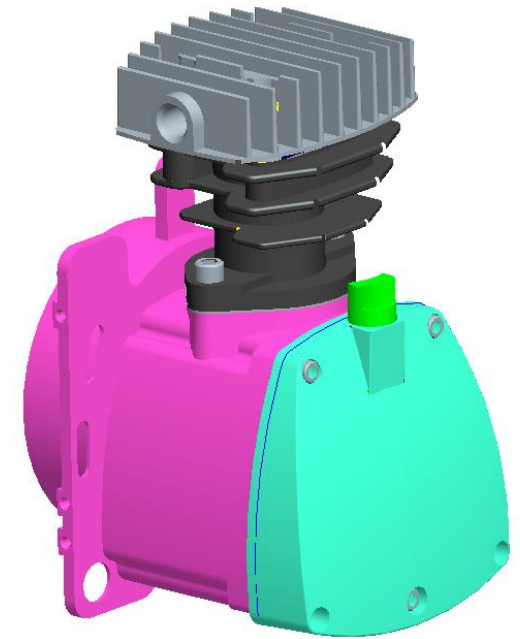
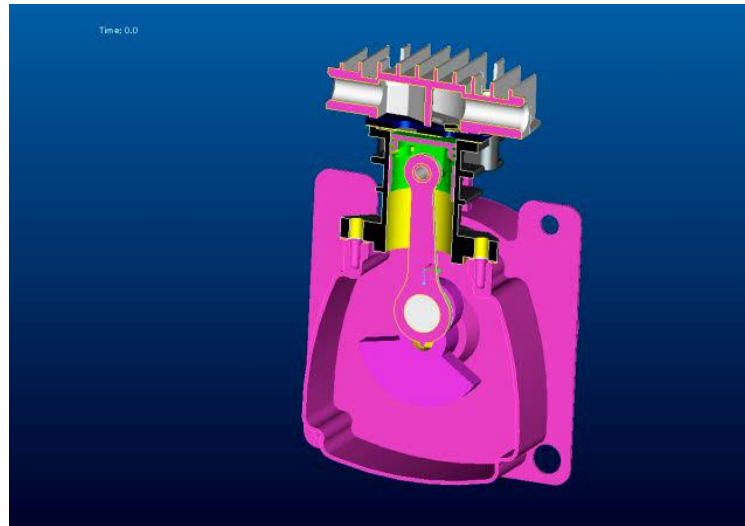
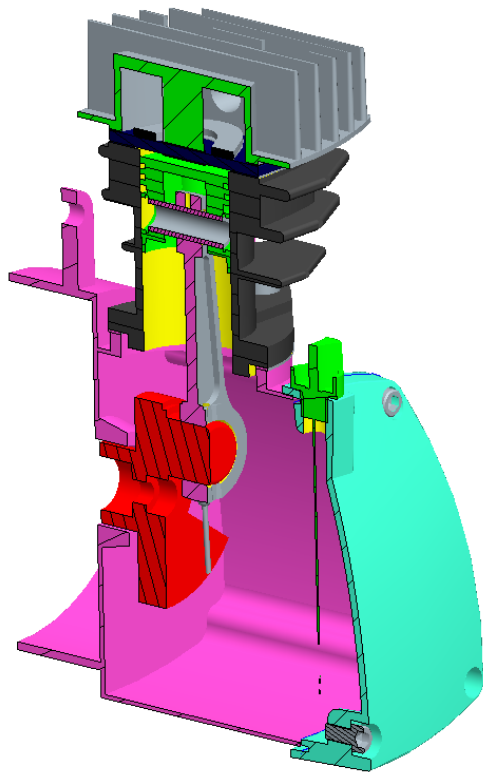


Manufacturing.

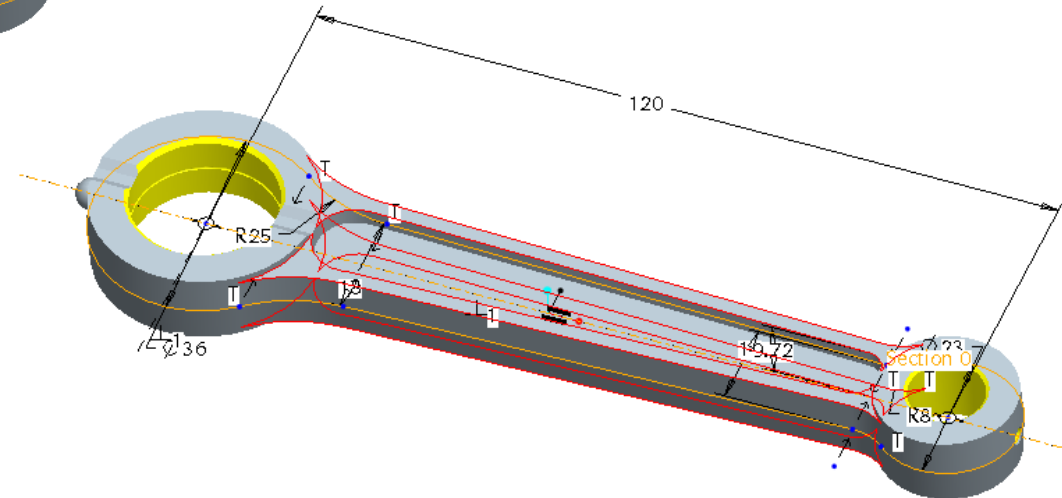
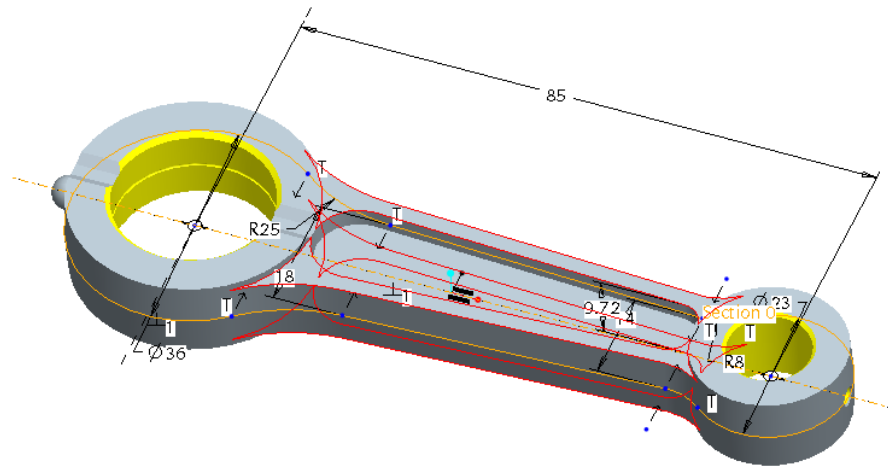
- Creating toolpaths
- Simulation
- First-time right



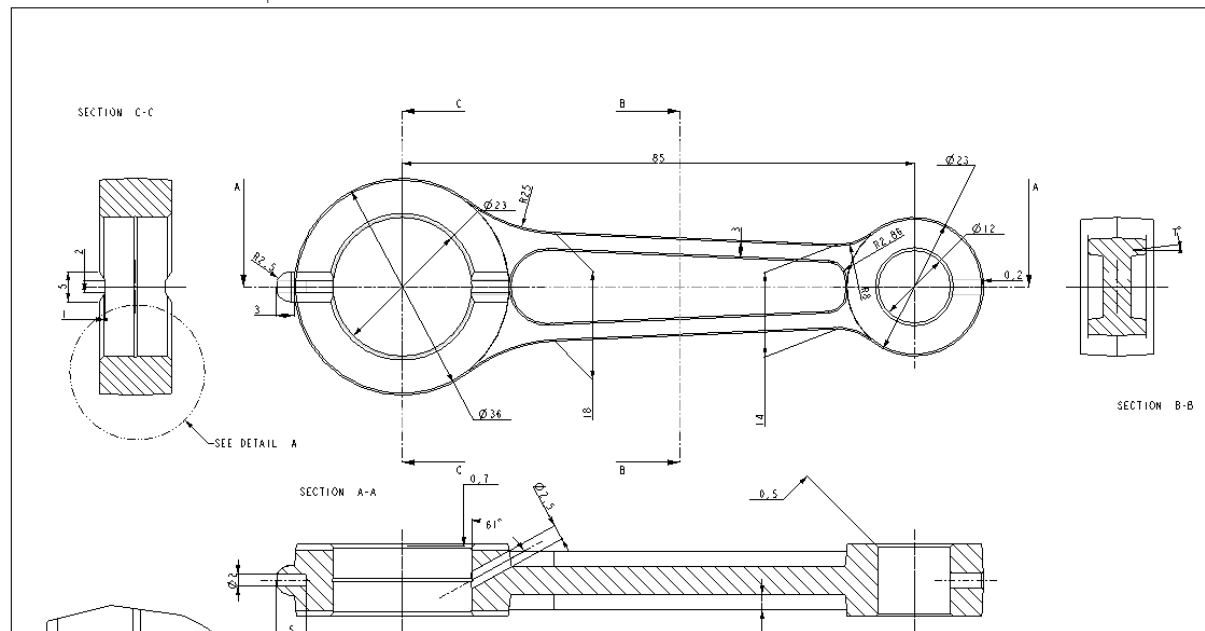
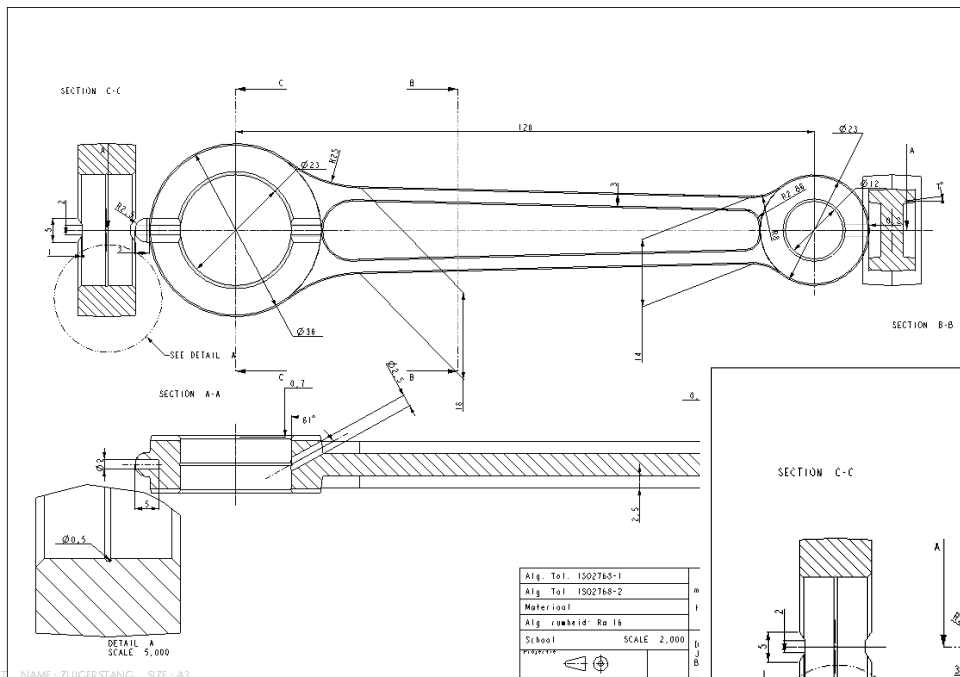
Air compressor



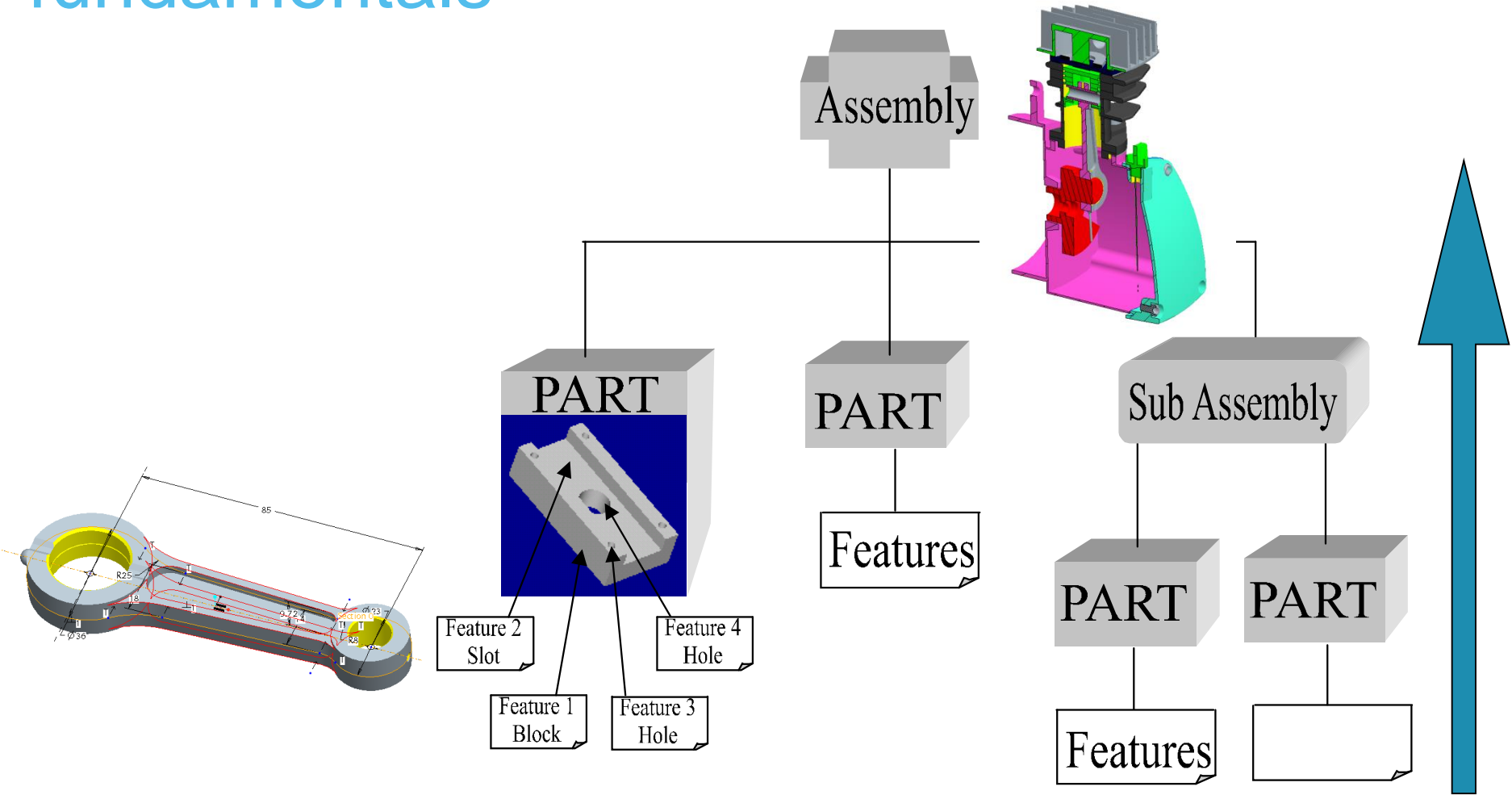
Parametric: dimensions drive the design



Associative

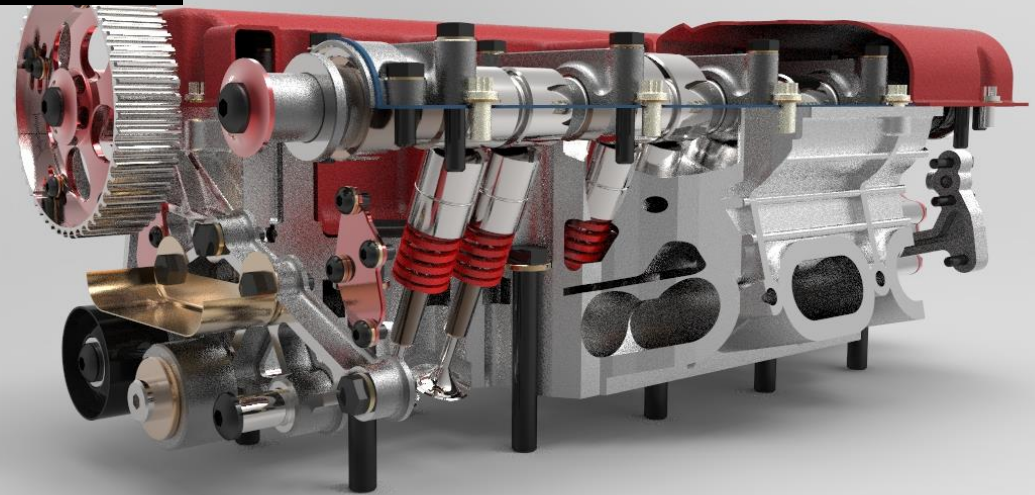


CREO: fundamentals



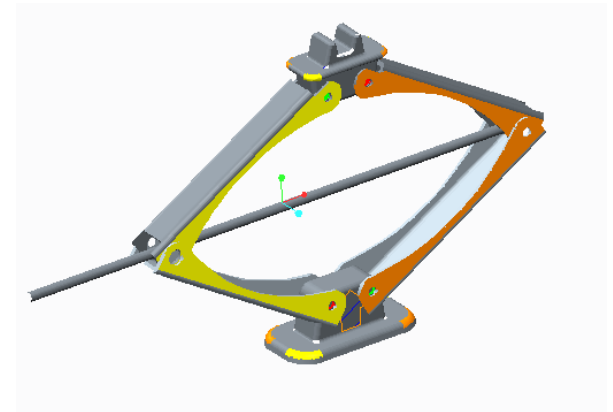
Some student examples:



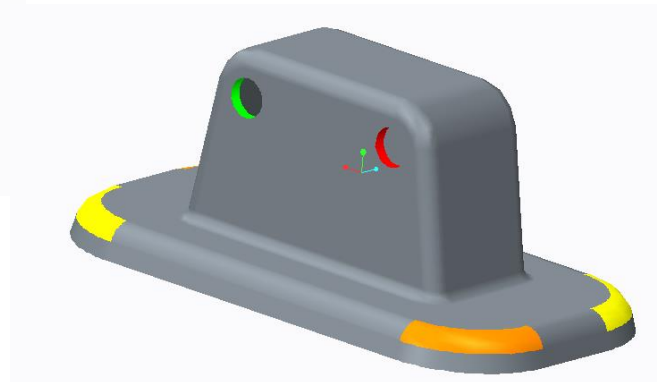
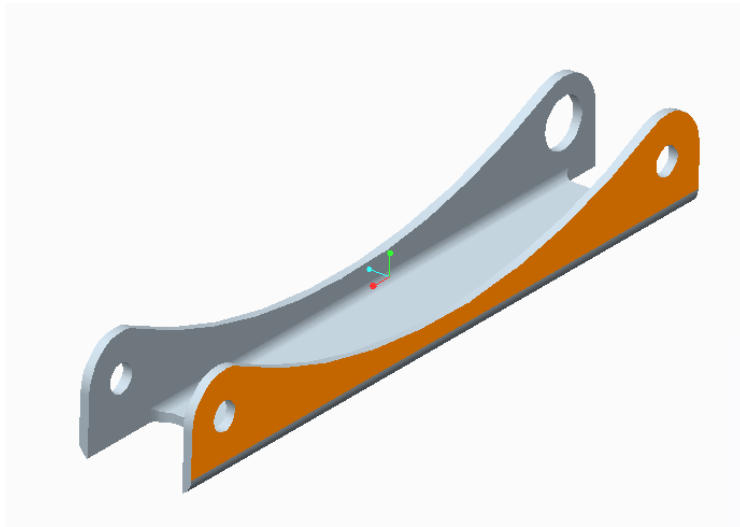


Case study: car jack.

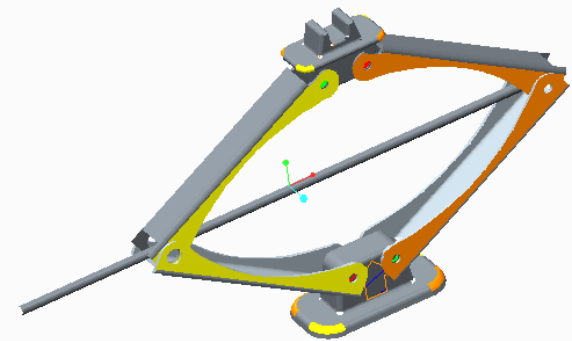
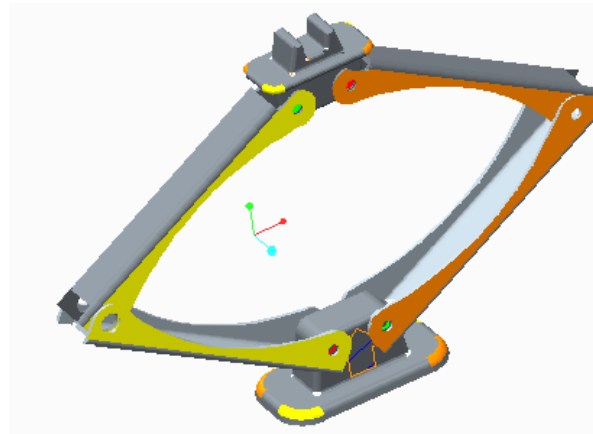
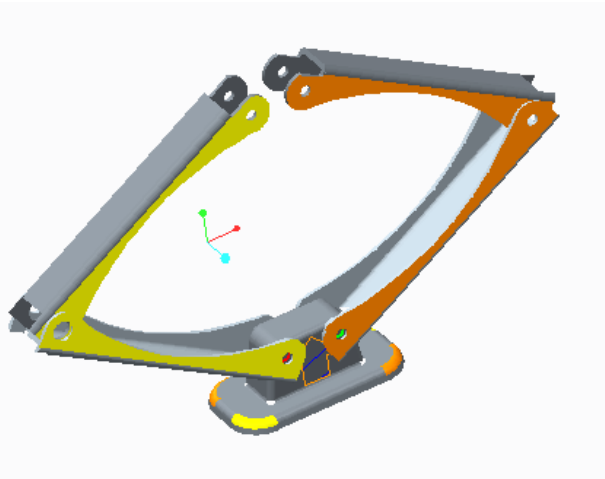
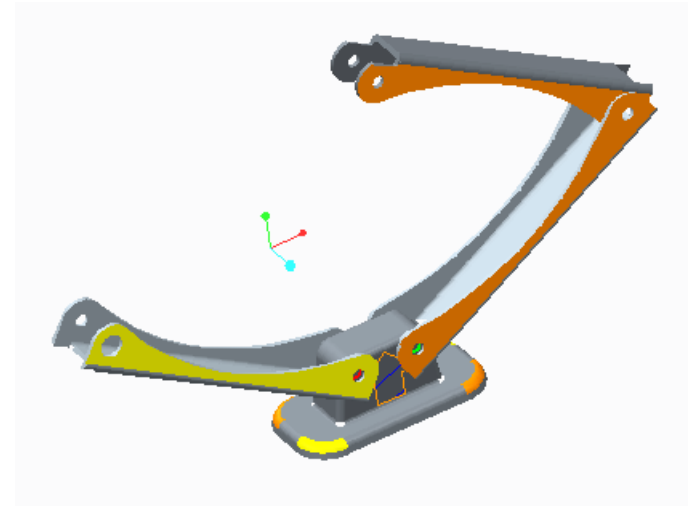
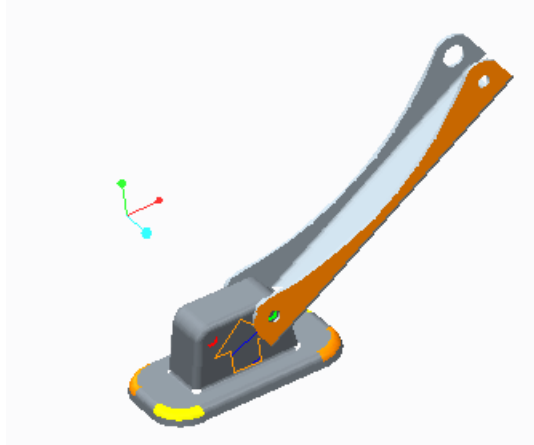
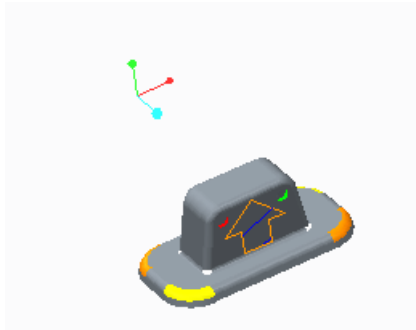
- Aim: make a car jack, able to lift the car.
 - Force to operate not too big
 - Light weight (cost, maneuverability)
 - Strong enough to withstand operation



Design parts

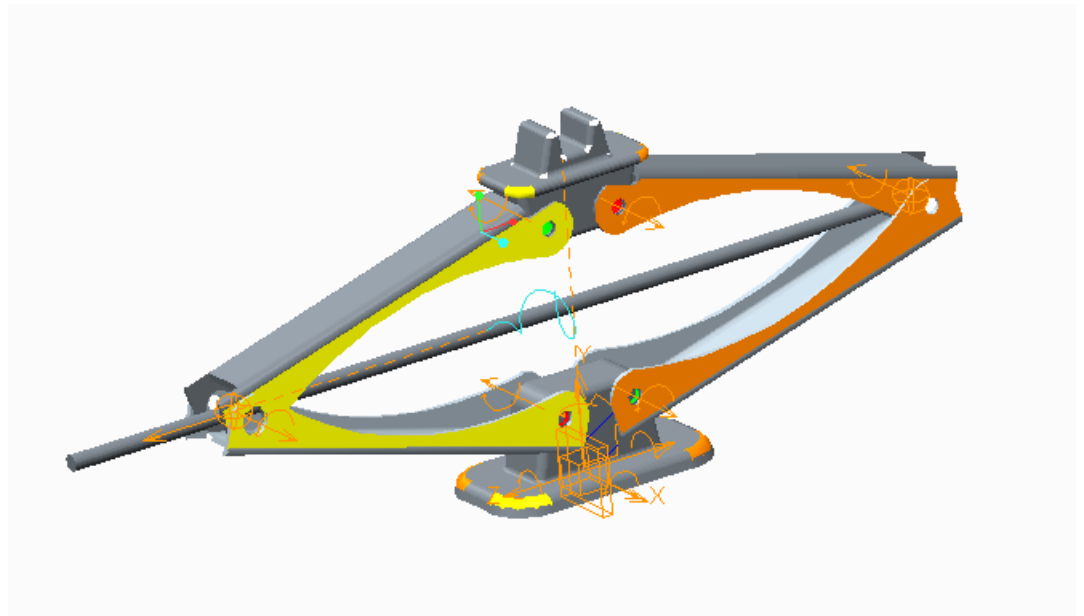


Make assembly

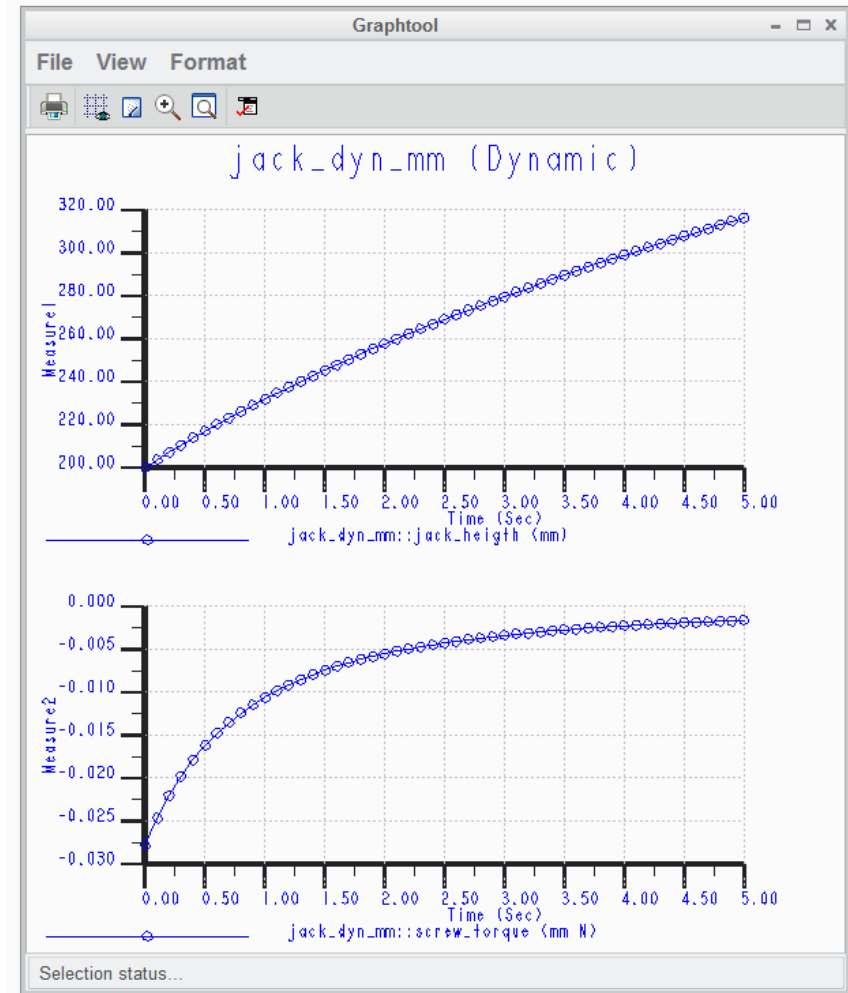
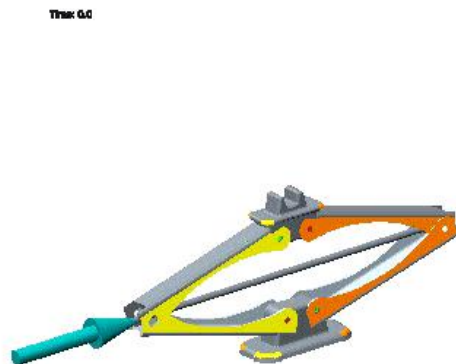


Make mechanism

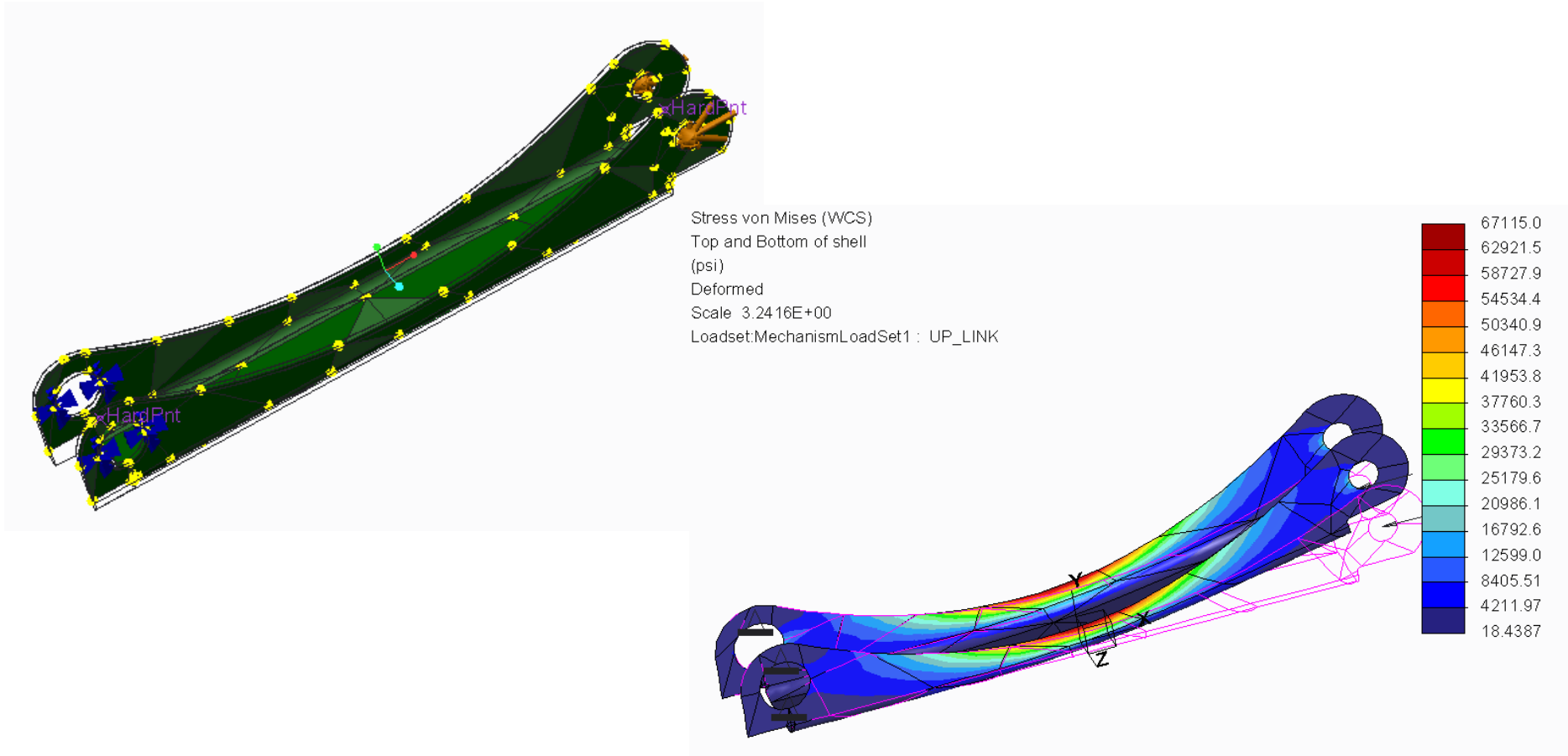
- Include:
 - Motors
 - Measures
 - Conditions
 - ...



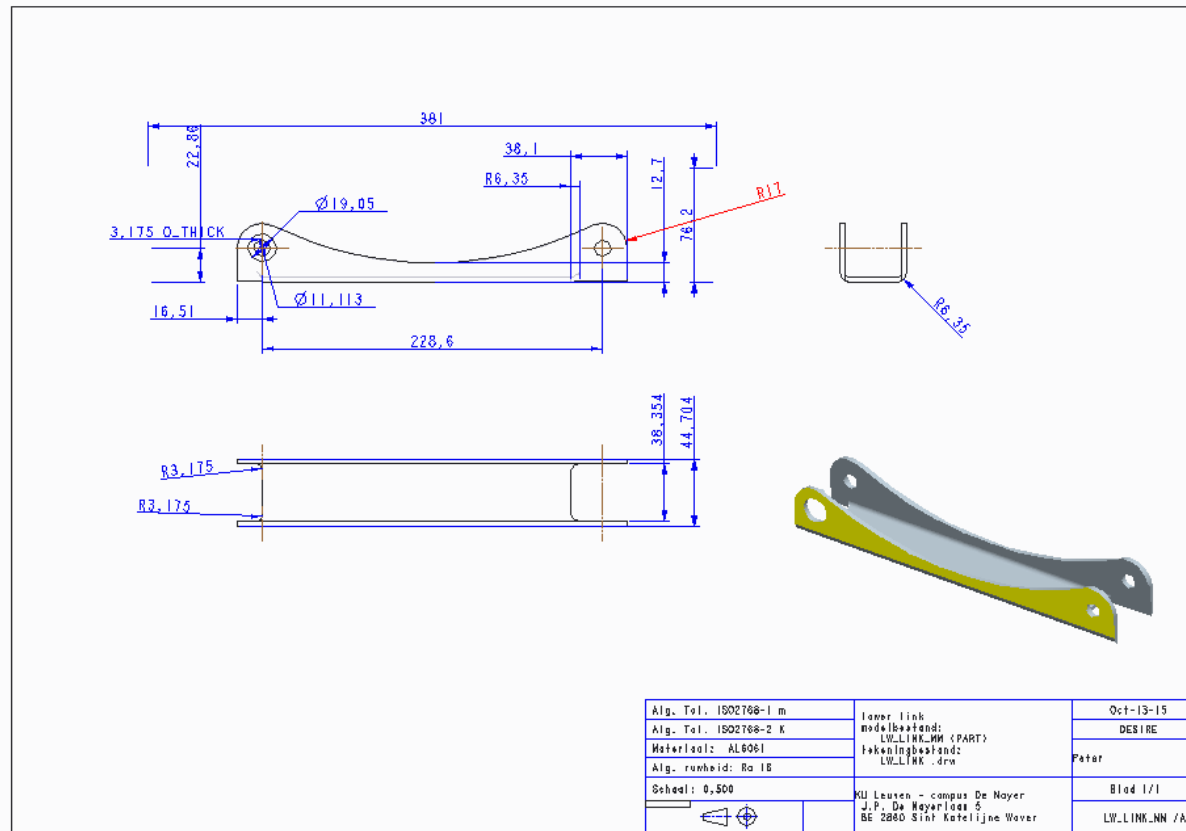
Mechanism analysis.



Strength analysis



Make documentation



Time for a demo.



Questions?



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contact

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